

NECROLOGY



TUDOR ARNĂUT, OR THE PASSION FOR ARCHAEOLOGY (1958 – 2012)

RODICA URSU NANIU

 \mathcal{H}_{c} disappearance of a person does not compare with any other life experiences. In the turmoil of a very active existence, we are caught into its whirl, imposing us a more and more alert lifestyle. Thus, we cannot find the proper time to see the existence of the people beside us (friends, colleagues), except when we have mutual interests, when we occasionally meet, or when we have common activities at the office. Just after Death takes them away from us, it seems that the time stops a little, thus making way to the memories, evocation of the gestures and words that, piece by piece, create the real image of the person who was beside us for years and whom we really understand just now, when things cannot be changed any longer. What a sad consolation...

The same feeling we all experienced when we heard the terrible news of the passing of our

colleague and friend Tudor Arnăut. The mystery of death, the same as the one of life is not given to humans to be understood; but the instant death of a person who was in full ascension of his professional and scientific career shocked the entire university community, and all the people who knew him. In a moment, a number of projects and initiatives promoted by Tudor Arnăut have been crushed down, while those involved in them have suddenly found themselves in the position of missing the one who had the capacity of moving things, of establishing communication bridges, of taking the tasks to their proper end.

Maybe the best highlight of Tudor Arnăut was his ability to communicate and to convince people, to gather them around an idea, no matter if it was connected with the research, the teaching activities or the administration (in his capacity of Pro-rector of the State University of Moldova in Chişinău),

as he treated each of them with the same dose of respect.

He was born on December 24 1958, in the Giurgiuleşti commune, Cahul region, in the Republic of Moldova, in a family of farmers. As his parents wished for a better fate for their children, they were all encouraged to study. Tudor Arnăut attended the local school, afterwards continuing his studies at the Pedagogical School from Cahul (1974-1978), which he graduated with Excellency, being one of the best and promising students. In 1981 he accomplished his dream of studying in one of the most prestigious universities of Republic of Moldova – the State University of Chişinău, Faculty of History, where he was accepted with very good results.

Due to his passion for archaeology, ancient history and classical languages, during the years of study (1981-1986) he specialized in ancient history and archaeology, under the coordination of the university professor Ion Niculiţă, who would later be his coordinator for the graduation thesis. Even starting from those years, he attended the archaeological excavations carried out in different sites – Hansca, Butuceni, Pojorăni, improving his skills in research, which are usually demanded from an archaeologist.

After the graduation, in 1986, he was appointed assistant at the Chair of Archaeology and Ancient History of the Faculty of History in the Republic of Moldova State University. The working capacity and sustained interest of the young assistant for the aspects of the ancient history, especially those regarding the commercial connections between the local Getae population and the Greeks in the north-west Pontic colonies made him arduously desire to deepen his university studies in an elite academic milieu, like the one existing in the Faculty of History from the Mihail Lomonosov State University of Moscow, Russia. The studies for this speciality would have lasted for years, but the historical events that occurred at the end of the '80s - namely the fall of the former Soviet Union – completely turned the things upside down. Everything seemed to become unchangeable. His freedom of expressing the option was valued in a doctoral stipend, offered by the Romanian State, in 1992, through which Tudor Arnăut had continued his studies at the Faculty of History within the **Bucharest University.**

He sustained his doctoral thesis in 1998 with Magna cum laudae, the title of his contribution being "The Geto-Dacians from east of the Carpathians in

the 7th-3rd c. BC, in the light of the archaeological and numismatic findings", coordinated by the late Romanian numismatist Constatin Preda.

The documentation stages and trainings that followed the stipend, which were carried out in different specialized institutions from Romania, Ukraine, Russia, Bulgaria, Turkey, France, Italy, helped him to reach a level of excellent knowledge in distinct fields, which he used in several courses and seminars that he held at the Faculty of History from the State University of Moldova.

There were memorable lectures of the Associate Professor Tudor Arnăut at the disciplines like the Ancient History of the Romanian Area, Funerary Practices of the Populations in South-East Europe in the 1st Millennium BC, Sacred Spaces and Collective Memory, Colonization as a Historical Phenomenon, The History of the Ancient Orient, The History of the Ancient Greece, Numismatics, The History of the Ancient Historical Thinking, Ethnicity, Nationalism, Identity, all proving, beyond any doubt, his vocation as a professor. He coordinated about 100 graduation theses, during the same time, teaching a large number of seminars for training the future graduating students.

With his competence and devotion for the teaching act he didn't miss any occasion of evoking the personality and contribution of those who helped him in his professional progress, thus bringing them over the years the proof of his deepest respect. Among these personalities were the university professors Ion Niculiţă, Vladimir Potlog, Mircea Babeş, Constantin Preda, Gheorghe Postică, Silvia Teodor, and academician Alexandru Vulpe. This is an attitude of high moral and spiritual substance; the one of honouring his professors, which should be a behaviour norm for any society. He also respected his disciples who, in return, offered him their devotion. This is why professor Arnăut never lacked students for the archaeological practice. A number of student generations grew on his excavation sites, some of them becoming archaeologists after graduation. What other bigger achievement could be obtained by a professor, than to see his own disciples following his path!

Yet, his greatest passion was always the archaeology. He had an innate sense for it, he could smell the earth and read it, like a book. Every time he started a surface survey, he came with "trophies". I have never been able to explain to myself how he could see so many things where others could not find anything and how he could be so sure when

223

he was saying: "You have no idea what is here, you will see!" And he was never wrong! The researches carried out in the fortresses of Măşcăuţi, Potârca, Pojorani, Hansca, Saharna Mică, Stolniceni are connected with the name of Tudor Arnăut. But, behind this innate sense, it was his impressive training experience, as nothing from the literature was unknown to him. He quite instantly obtained in a rather mysterious way almost everything that was new in the field of archaeology from Romania, Russia, Ukraine, Bulgaria, thus gathering one of the most valuable libraries of ancient history and archaeology in the Republic of Moldavia. He established cooperation relations and good friendships with archaeologists from all corners of Romania, especially with those sharing the same interest - in the Getic civilization. He was respected and appreciated for his serious scientific endeavours. His printout of the doctorate thesis, "Vestiges of the 7"'-3" centuries BC in the east of the Carpathians" became within a short time one of the reference papers in this regard.

Between 1998 and 2006, in parallel with his activity at the Chair of Archaeology and Ancient History, he was also the manager of the Pedagogical College "Alexei Mateevici" from Chişinău. Since 2010 he was elected as a Pro-rector of the State University of Moldova, being responsible with the student activities. He was involved in several research projects, like "Funerary practices and customs of the Thracians, in the first millennium BC" (in collaboration with the Romanian Cultural Institute);

"Students without frontiers" (in collaboration with the "Spiru Haret" University from Bucharest); also being part of the organizing committees for national and international conferences. His prodigious scientific activity materialized in dozens of studies and articles, monographs and reports, the last one – his habilitation thesis being programmed to be sustained in the spring of 2012. Unfortunately, it was not to be...

We are convinced that, beyond the high appreciation and controversies, the contributions of Tudor Arnăut to the understanding and clarity of several important aspects of the civilization belonging to the Septentrional Thracians, will remain real working instruments, both for his disciples and his colleagues, in the field of archaeology. Being based upon strong documentation, they offer the example of an academic research, structured upon a deep and nuanced interpretation of the data, which opened the path to new connections and influences in the cultural and chronological space that he dealt with. Moreover, the preparation and printing of his habilitation thesis is a moral duty for his colleagues and friends, same as the research completion in the archaeological site of Stolniceni. This would be a last homage that we could bring to the one who was a professor, archaeologist, colleague and friend, Tudor Arnăut, for whom the idea of life identified with the one of doing ARCHAEOLOGY.

SELECTIVE LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

Monographs

- **T. Arnăut,** *Vestigii getice din cea de a doua epocă a fierului în interfluviul Pruto-Nistrean,* Iaşi, 1996, 157 pages (in collab. with R. Ursu Naniu).
- T. Arnăut, Vestigii ale sec. VII-III a. Chr. în spațiul de la răsărit de Carpați, Chişinău, 2003, 407 pages.
- **T. Arnăut,** *Habitatul din mileniul I a. Chr. în regiunea Nistrului Mijlociu. Siturile din zona Saharna,* Chişinău, 2008, 408 pages (in collab. with I. Niculiţă, A. Zanoci).
- **T. Arnăut,** *Spaţii sacre şi practici funerare din mileniul I a. Chr. în arealul carpato-balcanic*, Chişinău, 2014, 564 pages.

Manuals

T. Arnăut, *Istorie. Epoca străveche și antică.* Manual pentru clasa a V-a, Chişinău, 2000, 224 pages (in collab. with I. Niculiță, V. Potlog).

Studies and articles

- T. Arnăut, Geto-dacii în istoriografia sovietică, SympoziaThracologica 8, Satu-Mare-Carei, 1990, 149-150.
- **T. Arnăut,** Observations archéologiques et historiques sur les peuples qui ont habité le bord N-O Pontique pendant la II^{eme} parti du I mill., Sympozia Thracologica 9, Băile Herculane, 1992, 149-150 (in collab. with V. Cojocaru).
- **T. Arnăut,** Фрако-гетские городища между Карпатами и Днестром (V-III вв. до н.э.). В сб.: Проблемы скифо-сарматской археологии Северного Причерноморья, Запорожье 1994, 180-182 (in collab. with V. Sîrbu).
- **T. Arnăut,** *Incinta fortificată de la Stolniceni, r. Hânceşti, Rep. Moldova*, Cercetări arheologice în aria nord-tracică I, Bucureşti, 1995, 378-400 (in collab. with V. Sîrbu).
- **T. Arnăut,** Activitatea ştiinţifică a lui G. Smirnov privind istoria tracilor septentrionali în mileniul I a. Chr., Tyragetia I, 1996, 278-283.
- **T. Arnăut**, *Moneda antică la est de Carpaţi (sec. VI-III a. Chr.*), in *Omagiu închinat lui C. Drahenberg şi V. Potlog*, Chişinău, 1997, 42-52.
- **T. Arnăut,** *Geto-dacii la est de Carpaţi în sec. VI-III a. Chr.*, in Anuarul Ştiinţific al Universităţii de Stat din Moldova, Chişinău, 1998, 15-23.
- **T. Arnăut,** *Tezaurul de la Bubuieci / Le trésor du Bubuieci, Sympozia Profesorum*, seria Istoria, Chişinău, 1999, 15-16.
- T. Arnăut, Necropola getică de la Giurgiuleşti, în Studia în honorem Ion Niculiță, Chişinău, 1999, 135-145.
- **T. Arnăut,** Considérations sur une découverte faite aux alentours du village Bubuieci, Studia Antiqua et Archaeologica VII, 2000, 351-362 (in collab. with R. Ursu Naniu).
- T. Arnăut, Așezarea fortificată Saharna Mare, in Istro-Pontica, Tulcea, 2000, 93-104.
- **Т. Arnăut**, Предварительные археологические исследования близ с. Мэшкэуцы, в Центральной Молдове, v Карпатика, вып. 13, Ужгород, 2001, 116-123 (in collab. with S. Matveev).
- T. Arnăut, Arheologul Mircea Babeş la 60 de ani, Tyragetia XI, Chişinău, 2002, 137-138.
- **T. Arnăut**, *Вопросы происхождения и эволюции наконечников стрел Балкано-Карпато-Понтийского региона*, v *Карпатика*, вып. 31, Ужгород, 2004, 78-86, (in collab. with I. Niculiţă, A. Zanoci, G. Simion).
- **T. Arnăut,** Stepele Bugeacului în mileniile II-l a. Chr., in Thracians and circumpontic world. Proceedings of the Ninth International Congress of Thracology, Chişinău Vadul lui Vodă, 6-11 September 2004, vol. I, Chişinău, 2004, 285-322 (in collab. with Rodica Ursu Naniu).
- **T. Arnăut,** Vetre de cult, componente ale spaţiului din habitatul nord-balcanic (sec. VIII-III a. Chr.), in Studii de Istorie Veche şi Medievală. Studia in honorem Gheorghe Postică, Chişinău, 2004, 93-104 (in collab. with A. Belotcaci, A. Pelivan).
- **T. Arnăut**, La sacrification de la femme à la mort du mari chez les Thrace, in Aspect of Spiritual Life in SE Europe, Iași, 2004, 159-171 (in collab. with A. Belotcaci).
- **T. Arnăut**, Râşniţe de tip grecesc din regiunile de la nord şi nord-vest de Pontul Euxin (sec. IV a. Chr.-III p. Chr.), SCIVA, 54-56, 2003-2005, 221-247.
- **T. Arnăut,** Data About a Category of Bone Tools with the Function of Polishing and Shaping, Thracia XVII, 2007, 295-305.





- **T. Arnăut,** Sistemul defensiv al cetății din epoca fierului Saharna Mare, Tyragetia S. N. 1, vol. I [XVI], 2007, 27-62 (in collab. with I. Niculiță, A. Zanoci).
- **T. Arnăut,** Cercetări arheologice la Saharna Mică, in Studia in honorem Florea Costea, Braşov, 2007, 83-124 (in collab. with I. Niculiţă, A. Zanoci).
- **T. Arnăut,** *Construcțiile de suprafață din siturile de la Saharna*, Tyragetia, S. N. 1, vol. II [XVII], 2008, 51-78 (in collab. with I. Niculiță, A. Zanoci).
- **T. Arnăut,** Complexe hallstattiene timpurii din așezările din zona "Saharna", in Gavrilă Simion la 80 de ani, Tulcea, 2008, 60-105 (in collab. with I. Niculiță, A. Zanoci).
- **T. Arnăut,** Stolniceni *A new aspect of the funerary ritual at the Getic populations*, in *Funerary Practices in Central and Eastern Europe (10th c. BC 3rd c. AD)*, Brăila-Braşov, 2008, 31-40 (in collab. with Rodica Ursu Naniu).
- **T. Arnăut,** Les sacrifices humain chez les Thraco-Getes de l'Est des Carpates, in Funerary Practices of the Bronze and Iron Ages in Central and South-Eastern Europe, Cluj-Napoca, 2008, 161-176 (in collab. with I. Niculiţă).
- **T. Arnăut**, Le rapport d'emplacement spatial entre les lieux d'habitat et ceux des nécropoles chez les *Thraces du I-er mil. av. J.-C.*, Mousaios XIV, 2009, 121-138 (in collab. with I. Niculiţă).
- **T. Arnăut,** *Getic funerary vestiges in the Pruth-Dniester interfluve (6th-3rd centuries BC). Rite and ritual*, in Analele Universității Spiru Haret, Seria Istorie, nr. 12, București, 2009, 89-98 (in collab. with R. Ursu Naniu).
- **T. Arnăut,** Raşpele Noi contribuţii la industria osului dur de animale, in Studia Archeologiae et Historiae Antiquae. Doctissimo viro Scientiarum Archeologiae et Historiae Ion Niculiţă, anno septuagesimo aetatis suae, dedicatur, Chişinău, 2009, 175-186.
- T. Arnăut, Piese de armament descoperite în apropierea comunei Buţeni (r-nul Hânceşti), in Studia Archeologiae et Historiae Antiquae. Doctissimo viro Scientiarum Archeologiae et Historiae Ion Niculiţă, anno septuagesimo aetatis suae, dedicatur, Chişinău, 2009, 187-190 (in collab. with S. Matveev).
- **T. Arnăut,** L'inventaire funéraire un source informative ou / et indice social et symbole religieux (Basé sur les materials (sic) des nécropoles du l^{er} millénaire av. J.-C. de l'Est des Carpates), Istros XVI, 2010, 185-206 (in colab. cu l. Niculiţă).
- **T. Arnăut,** *A short report on new osteogical and taphonomical records from the Getic monument Stolniceni,* Revista Arheologică S. N. 2, V, Chişinău, 2010, 179-183 (in collab. with R. Croitor).
- **T. Arnăut,** The wooden church "Saint Hierarch Nicolas" a historical monument and a Symbol of spiritual culture, Codrul Cosminului, nr. 1, XVII, Suceava, 2011, 55-62 (in collab. with E. Vorotneac).
- **T. Arnăut,** *Emiterea monedei geto-dacice după originalele macedonene*, in *Conspecte numismatice* (I), Chişinău, 2011, 7-10.
- **T. Arnăut,** Cucuteni remains in the Cogâlnic Valey (Stolniceni village, Hînceşti county, Republic of Moldova).

 A preliminary report, in Omagiu arheologului Eugen Comşa, Bucureşti 2013, 574-588, (in collab. with Rodica Ursu Naniu).

Theses of the scientific communications

- **T. Arnăut,** *Măşcăuţi. Campania 1995,* in Cronica Cercetărilor Arheologice, Brăila, 1996, 76-77 (in collab. with S. Matveev, C. Cirimpei).
- **T. Arnăut,** Rezultatele preliminare ale săpăturilor din necropola getică de la Giurgiuleşti, in Cronica săpăturilor pe anul 1997, Călăraşi, 1998, 128.
- **T. Arnăut**, *Emisiunile monetare barbare din vest și nord-vestul Pontului Euxin*, *Conferința corpului didactico- ştiinţific al USM*, Chişinău, 1998, 175-176 (in collab. with N. Ţârdea).



- **T. Arnăut,** *Practici funerare la tracii septentrionali de la est de Carpaţi la sfârşitul sec. VII-V a. Chr.*, in *Conferinţa ştiinţifico-didactică anuală. Rezumatul comunicărilo*r, *22-23 mai 1998*, Chişinău, 1998, 8-9.
- **T. Arnăut,** Des pratiques Funéraires chez les Anciens Thraces dans la Region Est-Carpatique, in Thrace and the Aegean, Eight International Congress of Thracology, Sofia-lambol, 25-29 September, Sofia, 2000, 61-62 (in collab. with A. Belotcaci).
- **T. Arnăut,** Considérations préliminaires sur le site de Saharna I., in Tracii şi lumea circumpontică. Congresul al IX-lea Internaţional de Tracologie. Rezumate, Chişinău, 2004, 63-64 (in collab. with S. Matveev, V. Bercu).